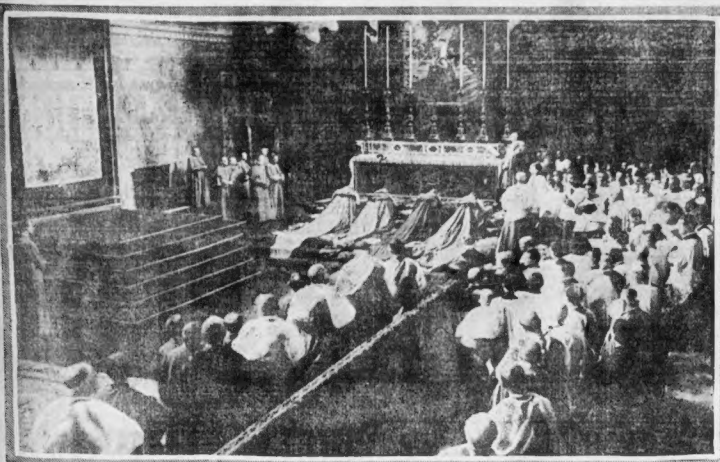


(Between State & Water Sts.)

First Photographs of Vatican Scenes at the Recent Elevation of Four Cardinals



The four newly created cardinals at prayer before the altar in the Sistine Chapel, prior to the public ceremonies of the consistory.



INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE

Pope Benedict addressing the consistory from the papal throne in the Hall of Beatification during the ceremonies attendant to the elevation of the new Cardinals.

FOIL ATTEMPT TO KIDNAP GIRL

Continued from First Page.

the girl and her cousin, were taken to the police station.

"I never saw any of the men before," said the girl.

"I knew none of them. I knew nothing about what they planned to do," said her cousin, bystander corroborated him.

"The men hired me yesterday in Naum. They had plenty of money. They said they were going to a wedding in Hartford, Ct., and wanted me to drive them. I agreed."

"I knew nothing about what they planned to do. They told me to take her, today and I did so. Then they jumped out and grabbed this girl. The next moment they quickly turned to interfere. But when they wanted to drive off, I refused to start the car."

TO RULE ON HARVARD CASE TOMORROW

Attorney General Henry C. Attwell today declared he would not render his opinion on the status of Dr. Lester H. Roward, Commissioner of Animal Industry, to the executive council before tomorrow. The question is whether Dr. Roward, who was appointed January 1, 1910, the day former Commissioner Fred P. Walker was removed by Governor Walsh, is holding office for three years or for Mr. Walker's unexpired term, or "at the pleasure of the Governor and council."

FRENCH WOUNDED FUND IS \$32,777

Kinder, Peabody & Co. today announced that the American Fund for the French wounded has reached a total of \$32,777.

LADIES

These New Sample Models of Suits, Coats and Fur will not last long at these remarkable

Clearance Prices

We never carry over a single garment from season to season. They must go regardless of original cost.



SAMPLE SUITS	
FOUR-PIECE	NOV
\$24.50	\$12.50
\$28.50	\$14.50
\$28.50	\$16.50
SAMPLE COATS	
FOUR-PIECE	NOV
\$24.50	\$12.50
\$28.50	\$14.50
\$28.50	\$16.50
ALTERATIONS FREE	
LOOK FOR SIGN OF THE	
Sample Suit House	
80 TEMPLE PLACE	
BEHOLDEN BUILDING	
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.	

PAGE & SHAW

THE CANDY OF EXCELLENCE

WE wish to extend the season's greetings for patronage given them during the year 1913, which has shown extremely gratifying results.

PAGE & SHAW, Inc.

MAY FORCE ASQUITH TO QUIT

LONDON, Dec. 20.—The life of the Asquith Cabinet hangs in balance today when the cabinet met to formulate a decision upon the great national question of intervention. The possibility of a general election and a dissolution of the government in its present form loomed for more than two hours the military struggle with the conscription problem, seeking a solution that would avert a crisis.

The cabinet council lasted two hours and fifteen minutes. At its conclusion the Premier declined to make a statement, despite the nationwide interest in the situation.

Public interest ran high and the government buildings in Downing street were surrounded by excited crowds.

The statement by the Daily Mail that David Lloyd George, Minister of Munitions, would resign unless Premier Asquith consented to apply compulsion to conscription "blacklegs" created considerable excitement among the leaders of the present faction favoring intervention.

Mr. Lloyd George was told that his departure from official life at this critical period would be nothing less than a calamity.

Those supporting Lloyd George in his stand upon conscription are: Asquith, Chancellor, Secretary of State for India, Lord Curzon, Lord of the Treasury, Lord Lansdowne, Minister without a portfolio, Walter Hume Long, president of the Liberal Government, Lord Balfour, Lord of the Admiralty, and Lord Selkirk, president of the House of Agriculture. On the other hand, intervention is opposed by such powerful men as Premier Asquith and Sir Edward Grey, the Foreign Secretary.

COPYRIGHTED BY INTERNATIONAL FILM SERVICE

The four new cardinals paying their respects to the 'Count at the papal throne in the Hall of Beatification. The Pope is in the act of placing the agneta, the small red cap, on the head of a cardinal. About are grouped the dignitaries of the papal court. Behind the throne rises Raphael's great painting, 'The Assumption.'

BOY-ED SCORES CRITICS AS HE SAILS

Continued from First Page.

of my departure from main refuting all the stories which were told about me in the American papers, and which mostly, like the silly insinuation, were invented by the Providence Journal. This paper has done its utmost to create an almost hysterical panic in the country in order to prejudice public opinion against Germany.

We Germans do not understand what you call your "free press." Our laws allow the fullest personal liberty with the welfare of the State. But we do not permit the diplomatic representatives of friendly governments to be incited to libel or to abuse in their dealings with friendly nations.

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And I repeat, the only reason why I will be forced to take like measures, notwithstanding the democratic power of our press.

Whilst our enemies have been, and are being, supplied from this country with the means of spreading death-dealing rumors of war, without which they would long since have been overcome I have been denounced from the center of the country to the other for having been concerned at the center of the war in chartering ships to provide our enemies with coal and food, as though it were a crime instead of being a duty.

The ships that brought coal, provisions and supplies from Hong Kong to Admiral Dewey's fleet in the clearance passages pointed that their cargo consisted of scrap iron.

In this connection one of the leading newspapers said on December 5, in regard to my colleague, von Papen, and my own recall: "It will be worth considering to us if we keep our sense of proportion. It is not our duty to permit prejudice to shut the eyes of the press."

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Westende Shelled Again by Allies.

By International News Service. Berlin, Dec. 20.—Westende, Belgium, has been shelled again by allied monitors. The German War Office announced today.

The French delivered an attack near Hirsstein, but the details of the fighting have not yet been received.

The railway station at Soissons has been bombarded again by the Germans to prevent train movements. In this connection the War Office points out that the French established a Red Cross hospital near the railway station at Soissons, with the evident intention of protecting the railway.

The text of the official report follows: "West front—Enemy monitors shelled Westende, killing three inhabitants, two of them being women. The French attacked our positions near Hirsstein this morning. Details are lacking. German military artillery stopped train movements at the Soissons station."

The French, probably in order to protect the station, established a hospital near the building some time ago and placed Red Cross flags upon it. In view of the closeness of the station to the front, the hospital was not placed there until the station was shelled and near Hirsstein was repulsed."

KAISER ORDERED CAVELL PARDON

London, Dec. 20.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Copenhagen says it is rumored there that Maximilian Harden's newspaper, Die Zukunft, published in Berlin, was suppressed recently because it published a statement that Emperor William had ordered that Miss Edith Cavell, the British nurse who was executed by the Germans in Brussels, should be pardoned.

WANTS CUT IN PAY OF CHELSEA BOARD

Representative E. H. Whitney of Westrop has filed a bill with the clerk of the House "for representation and that the salaries of the members of the Chelsea Board of Aldermen be decreased or abolished. The bill appropriates a portion of Charles H. M. of Chelsea.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

BELL-ANS

Absolutely Removes Indigestion. One package proves it. 25c at all druggists.

CURLEY IS SENT 'BLACK HAND LETTER'

Mayor Curley today received a "Black Hand letter" threatening his life with death, unless he deposited \$100,000 in a Boston Common.

The letter also contained an implied menace of a five-dollar Colt revolver.

At the same time two afternoon papers received letters, presumably from the same authors, announcing the sending of the letter to the Mayor.

The Mayor's letter, as well as the letters received by the papers, bore a stamp and there was two cents postage on each.

Mayor Curley—If you don't put a hundred dollars behind the tree (1) in the Common, you will be shot. Picture of black hand.

It is black. The letter was posted in Somerville yesterday and was printed in ink. The address was written in ink and was addressed to "Mayor Curley, City Hall."

The Mayor said he was not alarmed. In his opinion, it was the work of some weeks ago he received a similar letter and the police ran to the author, who was found to be a dummy.

THE X V Z

JOIN OUR 1916 Christmas Club TODAY

Covering a period of six weeks. WEEKLY SAVINGS—PLUS INTEREST

50c	\$25.35
1.00	50.75
2.00	101.50
5.00	253.75
10.00	507.50

Receive 4 or more on Dec. 15, 1916, for your total savings and 3% interest.

Coupon Books are now ready.

EXCHANGE TRUST COMPANY

21 BULL ST. 124 Boylston St.

Hours to Jan. 8, 1916—8:30 A. M. to 5 P. M.

- 1—Every day is bargain day.
- 2—The Filene Basement is the only store of its kind in the world.
- 3—The Basement is owned and operated entirely by Wm. Filene's Sons Company, and everything carries the full Filene's guarantee.
- 4—It is our intention always to sell goods for less than similar clothes may be bought elsewhere.
- 5—The Filene Basement is hands—direct entrances from streets and Cambridge subway and Washington street tunnel trains.
- 6—You are free to browse around unattended and make selections.

Here Are Some of the Bargains Tomorrow at 8.30 A. M.



Misses' Warm Sweaters \$1.39

Small but cozy, in plain or fancy weaves, full collar style. Come early for them.



Leather Hand Bags 38c

All of real leather, decorated with inside purse and mirror.



New Trimmings Hats \$3

Just arrived! On sale tomorrow at 8.30. Bats, falls, silk, ribbons, hats, outdoor-leisure models, cleverly trimmed.

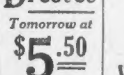


Hundreds of Other Bargain Lots



New Dresses \$5.50

Tomorrow at



Wildcat Fur Sets \$12.75

Just arrived! On sale tomorrow at 8.30. Bats, falls, silk, ribbons, hats, outdoor-leisure models, cleverly trimmed.



Hundreds of Other Bargain Lots

New Silk Waists \$2

Good variety including ones in all colors, in various styles, all sizes, to suit.



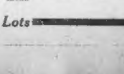
New Coats \$10.50

Tomorrow at



New Coats \$10.50

Tomorrow at



Hundreds of Other Bargain Lots

1.00, now.....
 SILK PETTICOATS, chiffon taffeta. Original value 5.00, now.....
 SILK PETTICOATS, plain and changeable taffeta. Original value
 1.00, now.....
 COTTON PETTICOATS, heatherbloom and fine stripes, all colors.
 Original values 1.00 and 1.50, now.....
 Silk Petticoats, samples, several styles, with lace and silk foundations

one-third to one-half off the original price.

FOOD LARGE FOR PEACE

Stockholm, Dec. 28.—Stockholm regards the public meeting held here by the Ford peace party as the most enthusiastic demonstration for peace that Europe has seen since the war began.

Nearly a thousand citizens at Stockholm attended. Every mention of an armistice or of the war provoked prolonged applause.

When Louis Lechner, secretary of the expedition, announced that the executive committee had secret information that certain belligerent nations were willing to negotiate for peace the meeting became tumultuous.

"It would astonish the world," said Mr. Lechner, "if we had known at this time what influences are at work in peace."

The Rev. Charles F. Aked found fault with President Wilson for what he characterized as the President's failure to take the initiative in leading neutrals in a peace movement.

Ford Party Rows Told by Pilgrims

By ROBERT AUSTIN BERNARD.
Pilot of the Ford Peace Pilgrimage to Return to the United States.

New York, Dec. 28.—There were reasons why I was glad to leave the Ford peace expedition at Kirkwall, anybody may be excused for getting tired of a running fight. We were barely more than out of sight of land when it began.

S. S. McClure's reading of the President's message precipitated hostilities. He had in advance copy, and on Tuesday evening, the seventh, divulged its contents to the student delegation with approving comment.

Immediately the opposition to preparedness revealed itself in the election of a committee to draw up resolutions condemning the executive program. I say election. It was charged that it was really the sort of election which is a foregone conclusion before the votes are counted.

The committee named comprised the Rev. Charles F. Aked, the Rev. Dr. Josiah Lloyd Jones, and Mr. Joseph Peck, all ardent anti-armament men.

JONES STARTS REAL ROW.

There was more or less smoke for the next three days, but the fire broke out when Dr. Jones announced that the resolutions condemning the President's preparedness plan had been drawn and that any members of the party who did not signed them by the following morning would no longer be peace pilgrims. It was understood that they might still continue as members of the party.

Dr. Aked read the resolutions. He asked that they be signed without comment. S. S. McClure refused to be silent. He requested his well known friend, Archibald Kitchin, chairman of

the meeting, brought discussion and by ruling that remarks were out of order.

NEARLY CAME TO BLOW.

The meeting broke up in bad feeling and was followed by wordy encounters all over the ship. Dr. Jones and Dr. Aked had it out with Mr. McClure and Herman Bornstein in the press room. Friends separated. Ellis O. Jones, the humorist, and Edward Ellis, the son of Jacob Ellis, on deck before they could blow. Even in the business office feeling ran high.

By midnight such attitudes had developed that Judge Ben Lindsey felt compelled to organize a separate peace movement aimed at the expedition. Accordingly, a mock court was organized with S. S. McClure the prisoner charged with corrupting the morals of youth. Breton Blakey, Joseph J. O'Neill and Edward Ellis were judges. Judge Lindsey was district attorney. Elmer Davis was counsel for the defense. Maxwell Swann was sheriff, and there was a fairly distinguished jury.

FUN AT NOCK TRIAL.

It was planned to arraign Dr. Aked and Dr. Jones before Judge Lindsey, but they refused to play. The sheriff, returning from a vain effort to coax them, reported that Dr. Jones had got entangled in his whiskers and that Dr. Aked was busy muttering his English accent.

The upshot of the trial was that the jury, after being out one minute, reported: "We find the bar closed."

Mr. McClure was acquitted. I would not say that the atmosphere aboard was any more peaceful after the trial than before, but at any rate the folly of trying to lead neutrals for or against preparedness had been simply demonstrated.

MEETING BECOMES AN OUTCRY.

As to what generated the dissensions, opinion may differ. It is certain, however, that a great hostility to the peace party was found the manner of Mrs. Rosa Schwimmer distasteful. She was accused of dominating the action in whatever was happening, and detestation was not confined to that collection of true spirits.

Moreover, she was more than suspected of being unneutral, an might have been expected from her Hungarian birth.

As an incomplete neutral she was a useful in such a party.

Woman Has New Peace Plan for Ford.

By HELEN BULLITT LOWRY.
International News Service Staff Correspondent.

Stockholm, Dec. 28.—A new peace plan is to be presented to the Ford peace party by Madame Inez Catti de Ler, a noted Danish writer.

Individuals as well as some of the newspapers have asked the Ford party to make their headquarters in Stockholm and to hold the international peace congress in the city itself instead of Copenhagen or The Hague.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

Always Bears the Signature of J. C. Ayer & Co.

For over Thirty Years CASTORIA

Each Copy of Wrapper.

KING OF GREECE REPORTED IN GRIP OF FATAL MALADY

By International News Service.

Paris, Dec. 28.—The Athens correspondent of the Mithi writes that King Constantine is suffering from violent pleurisy and that his condition is serious. The dispatch adds:

Recent reports describing King Constantine's illness as grippa and may be out of danger, but such is not the case. Although the world at large has been much mystified as to the nature of the King's malady, it is well known to physicians here that the sickness of the Greek monarch is undoubtedly fatal.

"It is no secret among Greek physicians that the King is a victim of violent pleurisy, which is conceded to be incurable. Constantine's death is regarded as certain within three years."

Mrs. Talbot Asks Custody of Her Son of Eighteen

By International News Service.

Norton, Dec. 28.—Mrs. Walter S. Talbot, who was Jessie Metrick's first wife, has filed in the Taunton County Superior Court a petition for custody of her eighteen-year-old son Howard, it became known today.

Mr. Talbot, who is the manager of the Talbot Wool Combing Company, of which his former wife is general manager, has not been seen in Norton for several days.

Mrs. Talbot home on Elm street, Howard Talbot answered the door, and to an inquiry replied:

"My mother is ill. Is there anything I can do?"

He then said: "Where is your father?"

"I heard from him in New York two days ago," he said. "I have not heard from him since."

Mrs. Talbot asked for his custody, he said.

"I suppose someone had to have me in custody."

Trawler in Port, Three of Crew Hurt in Storm

By International News Service.

Three members of the crew of the steam trawler Long Island were injured in Sunday's gale, it became known today. The trawler came in last night and is lying at the Fish Pier.

The men injured were Captain J. E. Thomas, mate about the face; Quartermaster Michael McCune, broken bones in hand; Seaman David Griffin, broken bones in foot.

Quartermaster McCune and Seaman Griffin are in the Marine Hospital in Chelsea. Captain Thomas was treated by a physician.

The men were injured when a gale's wind engulfed the little vessel.

MAN FINED \$85 IN SHORTWEIGHT CASE

By International News Service.

William J. Robin, a Boston pedler, was fined \$85 in the District Court today in complete obedience to the order of the court. The primary object in the case was to enforce the law against the sale of adulterated goods.

The defendant was charged with selling a quantity of adulterated goods, which was found to be worth \$10. On a charge that a pack of potatoes he sold was only five pounds and three ounces, he was fined \$10. On a charge of having a false measure he was fined \$10, and a similar fine was imposed on a charge of selling a quantity of adulterated goods.

PLAN TO ESTABLISH A WORLD'S COURT

By International News Service.

Albany, N. Y., Dec. 28.—A world court for the judicial investigation and settlement of all questions of international difference will be established by the World's Court League, incorporated today. The primary object in the establishment of the league is to settle the disputes of all nations in the settlement of all international differences as the most rational alternative to the bloody and expensive armaments.

The league includes Henry Clegg, Hays Hammond, Allen B. Parker, Oscar Straus of New York; Augustus Shattuck of St. Louis; W. W. Willard and Henry B. Balthasar of Chicago; Samuel C. Dutton of Hartford, N. Y.; C. C. Bates of Trenton, N. J.

CHELSEA GIRL IS MISSING FROM HOME

By International News Service.

Josiah Pearson of Grove street, Chelsea, reported to the police today that his seventeen-year-old daughter, Alice, had been missing since Christmas Day. She weighs about 125 pounds and is five feet five inches in height, and wears a blue dress, black hat and gray coat.

SET HEARING FOR 6-CENT FARE PLEA

By International News Service.

Concord, N. H., Dec. 28.—The Public Service Commission today announced a hearing January 8 on the petition for six-cent fares on the Massachusetts Northeastern Street Railway, operating in New Hampshire between Portsmouth and Lawrence.

153,000,000'S KILLS 25-POUND WILDCAT NEAR Mt. Sunapee, N.H.

By International News Service.

Mt. Sunapee, N. H., Dec. 28.—By killing a three-foot wildcat near the foot of the mountain, a hunter has killed a 25-pound wildcat near Mt. Sunapee, N. H.

The wildcat had been seen on a farm that is owned by the children of the hunter, who has been hunting for months.

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"Persian front: West of Kamadan, the Russians have occupied Assabad. In fighting near the village of Babakir, twenty-seven miles southeast of Teheran (capital of Persia) we made seventy-one prisoners."

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"There is nothing to report from the rest of the front."

TWO WEAPONS FOUND

By International News Service.

A piece of rubber garden hose about two feet long, loaded at one end with lead, is in the possession of the police and may prove to be important evidence in the case of the woman who was killed in the attack on the apartment house at 100 West 11th street.

In searching the Mortell apartment the police also found a black-and-white photograph of a woman, which was turned over to the police for microscopic examination. A stained pillow case was also taken for examination.

Big Boston Cargo On Torpedoed Ship

By International News Service.

It was learned today that the Boston Brothers Bag Company of Boston, with offices at No. 40 Central street, had a big shipment of baggage, clothing and other goods on the liner steamship Yeddo, which was recently sunk in the Mediterranean by the submarine of one of the Central Powers.

The latest estimate of valuation of the cargo of the sunken ship is above \$100,000. The Boston Brothers Bag Company was on consignments to Boston imports. The balance was on consignment to the Yeddo.

Boston marine underwriters were notified of the sinking of the Yeddo, and the insurance having been paid, it is probable that the insurance rates will be advanced at the next meeting of the committee.

MAN IN PICTURE CASE NOT GUILTY

By International News Service.

Lee Meyer, manager of the Remick Song Shop on Tremont street, was found guilty in court today when arraigned on a charge of having obtained pictures in his possession for the purpose of sale. The complaint was brought by the Watch and Ward Society which objected to the pictures being exhibited in the window of the shop.

BITTER 32 EGGS

By International News Service.

Paris, Dec. 28.—Nine German and Austrian submarines have been sunk or captured in the Mediterranean Sea, says the figure. The paper adds:

"When official reports are compiled it is believed that these figures will be exceeded."

30c Coffee Lb. 20c

By International News Service.

30c Coffee Lb. 20c
Sugar 100lbs 60c
Evap. Milk 100lbs 60c
Blue Label CATSUP 17c
Kirkman's Soap 5 Bars 19c
Aunt Jemima's 8c
Minute Tapioca 10c
Rolled Oats 5lbs 17c
Peas 100lbs 10c
Corn 100lbs 10c

The Ginter Co.

2 Union St., Cor. Elm Street
163 South
495 Washington St.
55 Broad St.
122 Tremont St.

Kills 25-Pound Wildcat Near Mt. Sunapee, N.H.

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Big Boston Cargo On Torpedoed Ship

By International News Service.

It was learned today that the Boston Brothers Bag Company of Boston, with offices at No. 40 Central street, had a big shipment of baggage, clothing and other goods on the liner steamship Yeddo, which was recently sunk in the Mediterranean by the submarine of one of the Central Powers.

The latest estimate of valuation of the cargo of the sunken ship is above \$100,000. The Boston Brothers Bag Company was on consignments to Boston imports. The balance was on consignment to the Yeddo.

Boston marine underwriters were notified of the sinking of the Yeddo, and the insurance having been paid, it is probable that the insurance rates will be advanced at the next meeting of the committee.

MAN IN PICTURE CASE NOT GUILTY

By International News Service.

Lee Meyer, manager of the Remick Song Shop on Tremont street, was found guilty in court today when arraigned on a charge of having obtained pictures in his possession for the purpose of sale. The complaint was brought by the Watch and Ward Society which objected to the pictures being exhibited in the window of the shop.

BITTER 32 EGGS

By International News Service.

Paris, Dec. 28.—Nine German and Austrian submarines have been sunk or captured in the Mediterranean Sea, says the figure. The paper adds:

"When official reports are compiled it is believed that these figures will be exceeded."

30c Coffee Lb. 20c

By International News Service.

30c Coffee Lb. 20c
Sugar 100lbs 60c
Evap. Milk 100lbs 60c
Blue Label CATSUP 17c
Kirkman's Soap 5 Bars 19c
Aunt Jemima's 8c
Minute Tapioca 10c
Rolled Oats 5lbs 17c
Peas 100lbs 10c
Corn 100lbs 10c

The Ginter Co.

2 Union St., Cor. Elm Street
163 South
495 Washington St.
55 Broad St.
122 Tremont St.

Kills 25-Pound Wildcat Near Mt. Sunapee, N.H.

By International News Service.

Mt. Sunapee, N. H., Dec. 28.—By killing a three-foot wildcat near the foot of the mountain, a hunter has killed a 25-pound wildcat near Mt. Sunapee, N. H.

The wildcat had been seen on a farm that is owned by the children of the hunter, who has been hunting for months.

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RUSSIANS OCCUPY ASSABAD, PERSIA

By International News Service.

Petrograd, Dec. 28.—A War Office statement shows intense activity on the East front and claims further successes for the Russians in Persia.

"East front: At Schirvan, in the direction of the Coastal region, a Russian detachment delivered a surprise attack upon a German post. The whole post was destroyed. The Russian detachment, with the company in the village of Nova Pochinovskaya, annihilated another German post."

"Persian front: West of Kamadan, the Russians have occupied Assabad. In fighting near the village of Babakir, twenty-seven miles southeast of Teheran (capital of Persia) we made seventy-one prisoners."

CURTAIN OF FIRE CHECKS GERMANS

By International News Service.

Paris, Dec. 28.—German attempts to sortie from their trenches in the Vosges were stopped by the French fire, it was announced by the French War Office this afternoon. The text of the statement follows:

"In the Vosges there has been intense activity of fire along the whole front from Hartmannswiller-Wehde to the alpine foothills of Mt. Rothenberg. An attempt on the part of the Germans to break through the trenches was checked by a curtain of fire from our batteries."

"There is nothing to report from the rest of the front."

TWO WEAPONS FOUND

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ARE YOU TRYING TO "STRING" ME.

By George McManus

I GUESS
I CAN TAKE
IN THE
SIGN NOW!

Fulton to Be Big
Low's For B...

Program

New Orleans, Dec. 29.—Fred Fulton will be Jess Willard's opponent in the ring here March 4, next, as originally planned, states Promoter Tommy Burns, who has broken his partnership with Dominick Tertorch.

Burns announces that he personally would take over the agreement for

Burns is in telegraphic communication with Tom Jones, Willard's manager, and T. E. Andrews, the Milwaukee promoter, both of whom are in Chicago concerning the match, and changes in the details for the fight would be settled when Jones and Andrews arrive here tomorrow or Thursday.

loss of draw, arranged for, in the original agreement.

Tortorich states that he would have nothing to do with a Willard-Fulton match unless Fulton first fought and defeated the winner of the Moran-Coffey fight, which takes place in New York January 7.

Theatres.

B.F. KEITH'S
AMUSEMENT CENTRE OF BOHEMIA

BUD FISHER
CREATOR OF "MUTT & JEFF"
ELIZABETH MURRAY
STAR OF "HITCH HIKES"
GUS VAN & JOE SCHENCK
PENNAKEE AND HONG BONG HATTERY
CYCLING
CHARLIE AHEARN COMEDIAN
MARRIED LADIES' CLUB
BIG MUSICAL SATIRE
WALTER BROWNE AND RUTH MILLS
& CO. BETTY HOND & JIMMY
CARSON, MARLO & DUFFY, HEARST,
DELLO FICORALE
Twice Daily, 2 and 7:45.

Ye **WILBUR** Kree, at S. Wed.
and Nat. Mats. at 7
Last Week—A Dynamo of Dramatic Darings

JUST A WOMAN

By EUGENE WALTER
Burgala Nat. Tomorrow. Seat Seats \$1.00

Next Week—Seats Thurs.
A Patriotic American Comedy
THE LAND OF THE FREE

MAJESTIC THEATRE
Even. 8:15. Wed. & Sat. 8:15. Mat. 2:15
Bargain Mat. Tom'row. Best Seats \$1.00

The Only Girl

By Henry Blossom and Victor Herbert

FENWAY

3 Doors from Mass. Av. Subway.
Frank Keenan in The Coward; Fickle
Fatty's Fall, with Roscoe Arbuckle.
Fenway Orch. of 25, with Pipe Organ. Solos.
Continues from 1 P. M. Entire change
Thursday.

EXETER STREET THEATRE
Near Center Square
2 & 8 P. M. Sundays 8 P. M.
Blanche Sweet, in "Helen Gwynne".

Amusements.
MECHANICS BUILDING
ROLLER SKATING
2:30 and 8 P. M.
Extra session New Year's, 10 A. M.
Adults, regular prices. Children 12 cts.
including skates.

INDOOR SPORTS



Alger and Jasper
in Main Muss
at B. M. A. A.

This week the Business Men's A. A. Mason's new boxing club, which holds forth at Hibernian Hall, Roxbury will stage its show tomorrow night instead of on Thursday night, as a week ago. Furthermore, after this week the club will put on its performance on Friday nights.

Charley Byers and Walter Revord of Chelsea will also come together in a ten-round scrap. It bids fair to be another spicy set-to. Eddie Flynn of Lynn and Young Clancy of the North End will hook up in the opening engagement. They, too, are programmed to traverse the ten-round rule.

NEW GAME FOR GOTHAM
Washington, Pa., Dec. 26.—Washington and Jefferson has closed for its 1916 football game with Rutgers. The big lay laid at this Polo Grounds last night, on Thanksgiving Day.

Bowling League
Matches Tonight

GREATER BOSTON—Boardsman Square at Congress; Herrieh's at Herald; Cambridge Loop at Webster; Eagleston Square at Commonwealth.

AMATEUR BOSTON PIN—COMM

nor at flood.
 MYNIO VALLEY—Newtown
 at Central; Tawana at Matson
 BARK & TREES—New Boston
 allays.
 COMMERCIAL—New Boston
 allays.
 CLAN MCGREGOR—Coliseum
 allays, Quincy.
 FANUJ HALL—Adams Square
 allays.
 TIFEWITERS—Summer Street
 allays.
 MURRAY MOISE—Murray al-
 lays.
 MAIL CLERKS—Loop allays.
 FORD MOTOR—Arch Street al-
 lays.
 WRIGHT & DEPOS—Elle, at

R. Y. N. M. & H.—Boroy Square
 alleys.
 BOSTON CON. GAS.—Arch Street
 alleys.
 JOHN HANCOCK GENTLEMEN'S
 —Littlefield's alleys.
 DURANT GYM.—New Boston
 alleys.
 SOUTH TERMINAL LADIES—
 Summer Street alleys.
 F. C. A.—Littlefield's alleys.
 MIDDLESEX L. O. O. F.—Win-
 chester at Webster.
 BOSTON ELEVATED—Loop al-
 leys.
 CATHOLIC UNION—Cath-
 olic Union alleys.

CCA
CIGARETTES

UNION MADE

They stand out in brilliant relief when compared to cigars of similar price

The American's Magazine^{and} Fiction Page

If There's Not Peace on This Ship It Won't Be the Fault of the Bouncers

If There's Not Peace on This Ship It Won't Be the Fault of the Bouncers



No Sense in Paying as Much for a Second-Hand Show



Stop? It Didn't Even Hesitate



Aunt Maggie Has a Queer Idea of Christmas Cheer



Poor Shrimp. Just See What a Good Resolution Gets Him



Hear, Hear!

Hear, Hear!
FROM E. P. Q. — NEW YORK
U. S. A.
WHAT'S THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN

FROM E. P. Q. — NEW YORK
U. S. A.
WHAT'S THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN
A DOG TRAILING A RABBIT AND AN
INDIAN'S HEAD

Tuesday, December 28, 1915

TAKE THE TARIFF OUT OF POLITICS; ESTABLISH A TARIFF COMMISSION

CONDITIONS give the present session of Congress an unusual opportunity to do one of the most constructive pieces of work done by any session of Congress since the Civil War. The time is ripe and the political stage is all set for the establishment of a permanent tariff commission.

By a permanent tariff commission the AMERICAN means a commission having the dignity and the permanence and the independence of the Interstate Commerce Commission and being charged with the duty of ascertaining and reporting to Congress all the facts which it is necessary for Congress to know in order to pass fair and intelligent tariff laws which shall carry out the theory on which Congress always pretends that tariff laws are constructed.

The object and the benefit of such a commission is manifest to the business man and to the thoughtful citizen generally. Such a commission will tend to take the tariff out of partisan politics.

It will help to steady business conditions. It will help to protect the business of the country from being disturbed by the approach and the result of national elections every four years.

It will tend to enable business men to make their investments more permanent by enabling them to anticipate the future for a longer period of years. There is probably nothing, not even in the Currency law, which will tend so much to keep business from rocking until the prosperity of the country is spilled overboard every four years as a permanent tariff commission, a tariff commission that will enable Congress to enact intelligent, honest and permanent tariff laws, not to be changed except in such harmony with the change of conditions as will make its effect upon business imperceptible.

Everybody who has studied our American political history is impressed above all things with the injurious effects upon American business which tariff agitation has had in America.

This agitation is as old as the republic itself, and, like the classical ghost, it will not down. The hopeless phase of it is the fact that we never get anywhere with the agitation. We are today worse off than we were one hundred years ago; our theories of a proper tariff are far more confused and far less intelligent; fewer people have a sound and sufficient view of the economic aspects of the tariff, no matter whether they are for protection or for revenue only; it is discussed very much less intelligently, and the schedules of the tariff bills themselves have been less honest and less consistent with any sound theory either of the advocate of a tariff for revenue only or for protection.

Whether the tariff is made by the Democratic party or the Republican party, the tariff on each article is the resultant of selfish, unpatriotic forces exerted upon the majority party in Congress.

When the Democrats make the tariff, the Democratic trusts get the protection and the Republican trusts are deprived of protection.

When the Republican party makes the tariff, the Republicans get the protection and the Democratic trusts lose their protection.

The political agitation over the tariff has not only been disturbing to business since the earliest days of the republic, but it has also had a very evil influence upon other political questions.

It is always present in the discussion of our national campaigns, and, since it never is settled, it always is a useless agitation disturbing to business and disturbing to the disinterested judgment of the American people on other important political questions.

It has tipped the balance of national elections for seventy years, outweighing other important considerations and yet never making any advance toward the determination of the tariff question itself.

It nets upon the judgment of the American people on other great political questions like a piece of iron near the needle of a compass.

The reactionary Republicans use it to scare the workmen of the factories into keeping or putting men in office who will vote wrong on other questions.

They also use it to scare business men, who prefer to suffer the evils they know than to fly to evils they know not, and who are afraid of any change.

The Democrats use it to induce the consumer to think that he can get something for nothing; to think that he can avoid taxation and avoid paying the cost of government by a low tariff.

It is a perplexing, distracting, disturbing issue, which is never decided and never will be decided so long as our present methods of making our tariff laws are continued. More than thirty years ago it was recognized by thoughtful men that tariff discussions and tariff changes, disturbing to business and to political situations as they were, led nowhere. So in the Senate of 1879 and 1880 a bill proposing a tariff commission, to be composed of persons not members of Congress, was passed, but failed to become a law.

A tariff commission was established in 1882 on the recommendation of President Arthur in his inaugural message, but unfortunately this tariff commission was not intended to be permanent.

The idea had not sufficiently developed.

The act imposed upon the commission the duty "to take into consideration and to thoroughly investigate all the various questions relating to the agricultural, mercantile, manufacturing, mining and industrial interests of the United States, so far as the same may be necessary to the establishment of a judicious tariff, or a revision of the existing tariff, upon a scale of justice to all."

The powers of this commission expired by limitation, but the necessity for a commission was still felt, rather vaguely, perhaps, but still the feeling was sufficiently strong to pass another such bill in 1889. But this bill created a permanent commission.

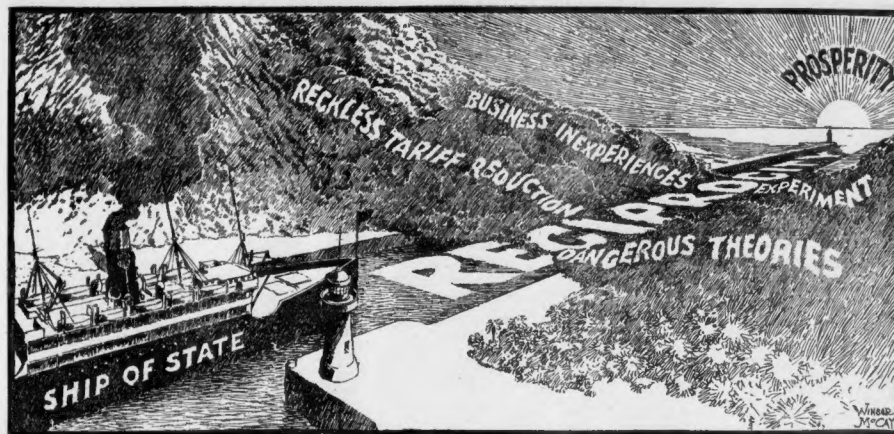
The House, however, rejected the bill. Both in 1904 in the Fifty-eighth Congress and in 1907 in the Fifty-ninth Congress there was agitation for tariff commissions.

In the Sixtieth Congress four bills were introduced proposing such a commission. In 1910 a permanent tariff commission bill was approved by the National Tariff Commission Association, which represented over one hundred commercial organizations, and was unanimously reported by the Ways and Means Committee in the Sixty-first Congress.

This bill has provided in many of its important features such a commission as the AMERICAN has stated will meet the requirements of our tariff situation. But it was reported in the House during the closing hours of the session and was lost by a filibuster.

In 1912 a Tariff Board was established "to secure information to assist the President in the discharge of the duties imposed upon him by this section and the officers of the Government in the administration of the customs laws, the President is hereby authorized to employ such persons as may be required."

But this was not a permanent commission, was not required to report to Congress, and was very little more than an advisory board to the President. It ceased to exist in



June, 1912, before its work was really half done, because Congress refused to appropriate money for its continued existence.

This brief history of the tariff commission shows how insistent and ubiquitous the question is and how everybody who wants to turn away from a ceaseless and useless agitation of the tariff, year after year, like marking time or running on a treadmill, accomplishing nothing toward a settlement of any tariff controversy, but accomplishing a great deal of harm in other respects, all turn toward a tariff commission as the only way out of this vortex of business instability and political disturbances.

So the business organizations of the country have again taken up the question, and the Chambers of Commerce and their allied business bodies are now discussing the form of a tariff commission bill and are voting to support it in the present session of Congress.

The National Federation of Labor, having seen the harm which the agitation over the tariff, with all its misrepresentations and the business confusion, together with the consequent interruption of the employment of labor which it causes, has now taken hold of the question with an interest equal to that of the business organizations.

There cannot be any doubt that the intelligent sentiment of the country is now in favor of a tariff commission.

There cannot be any doubt that the best interests of the country would be served by such a permanent commission.

There cannot be any doubt that Congress, if it wishes to serve the best interests of the country, will establish such a commission this year.

Then we may look forward to the gradual elimination of the tariff as the great source of political corruption, agitation, confusion, disturbance, which it has been from Washington's administration to the present hour.

The country wants a tariff which shall protect legitimate industries only so far as they need protection, and only so far as it is in the interest of the country to protect them. In this country the majority of the citizens, both Democratic and Republican, want an honest protective tariff. The framing of the tariff schedules to meet such a tariff, therefore, is not a political question at all, but really an administrative question.

When an independent, permanent, able commission, having the confidence of the people, the knowledge of experts and the information of scientific, special investigation, once states the facts of a situation, no Congress would dare to do anything inconsistent with the facts so found.

Our ship will cease to be rocked.

Business will become more and more stable.

Labor will have more steady employment.

Every political question will have more undivided, undistracted attention from the American people, and corruption funds will play a smaller and smaller part in our national elections.

More Truth Than Poetry

By James J. Montague

Natural
Sixteen Helen Keller desires procreancy. And, with all reverence for Miss Keller and with all admiration for her intellect, it may also be said that so do most other people who can neither see nor hear.
True Preparedness
Not only was the Standard Oil Company recommended to the tax on gasoline, but it boosted the price seven or eight cents beyond the tax per gallon three or four months before it could possibly be imposed.
Justifiable
Now, if that judge who absented himself from the bench during two hours of a trial, had been the judge presiding over the New Haven case, even a higher court couldn't have found it in its heart to censure him.
Taking No Chances
That affixed Caesar the crown three times—and Yuan Shi-Kai protected by his example.

It's a Long, Long Way to Old Missouri

The President is quoted as saying: "I will enter the next campaign with confidence and enthusiasm." Are the Democratic delegates going all the way to St. Louis next year merely to attend a ratification meeting?

We Don't Have Them Here
Marconi has been made a Senator, showing that in Italy Senators can be operated without wires.

Just a Suggestion
Inasmuch as Europe is rapidly returning to the Dark Ages, why not call the game on account of darkness?

Industry Can Accomplish Wonders
London barrooms are open only six and a half hours a day, but by intensive drinking a man can get as far advanced in five and a half hours that he will mistake the moon for a Zeppelin and dodge the stars all the way home.

The Barbaric Fashionable Wedding

By Dorothy Dix

"THE prettiest girl in Dutchess County" proved that nature has furnished the inside of her head with good gray matter as well as adorned the outside with luxuriant tresses, by dropping into her best young man's automobile, and being whirled to the parson's and married without any fuss or feathers about it.

It is to be hoped that her example will be followed by other girls and that marriage is a minute will become the mode, and that that horrible survival of savagery, the fashionable wedding, will soon take its place along with the rack and the thumb screw, and the other instruments of torture which we have grown enlightened enough to discard.

Of all foot customs on earth none has so little to recommend it as the show wedding. Stripped of all disguises it is nothing but a combination of nervous prostration, bankruptcy, and blackmail, and why any young couple should deliberately choose to start a new life with that sort of curse wished on them, passes comprehension.

The "Galley Slaves"

To begin with, for months and months before the wedding, the bride and her mother have worked like galley slaves accumulating an overplus of clothes, as it is the wedding day the shops would be closed forever, and there would never be another opportunity to buy a garment. The poor little bride has been pulled and hauled about by dressmakers and milliners until she is worn to frazzle, and her nerves are raw.

It is a common remark that girls never look so ugly as they do at their own weddings. It is because they are so worn out getting ready for the big show that they are litter for a sanitarium than they are for marriage. It is also why most consumptions are made up of tears and hysterics, and quarrels, instead of being the dream of bliss in which two young hearts had looked forward.

Then the expense of the display wedding! Bankruptcy for both father and fiancé unless they have long pocketbooks. Many a poor old father works himself to death paying for his daughter's white satin, and orange blossoms, and flower girls, and ring bearers.

Many a poor young man never really recovers from the debt he was plunged into at the time of his marriage for taxicabs, and souveniers for bridesmaids and groomsmen, and ushers, and bachelor dinners, and all the sumptuary attendant on a display wedding.

"Hold-Up" Presents

And the presents! Regular holdups at the point of a card, and with such horrible results! Clocks by the score, vases by the bushel, pieces of furniture that swear at each other, junk—junk—junk! And every piece of it got to be paid back at somebody else's foot wedding that can be guaranteed to happen at just the moment when you need a new dress, or baby has the measles.

Why should any man and woman about to take the awful plunge into Heaven or hell want to do it in the presence of a gagging, curious, cringing crowd? If ever there is a time for privacy, it is at a wedding. It would be no more incongruous to invite people to come and see you die than it is to ask them to come and see you married.

In reality to slope is the only dignified way of getting married, and if girls will adopt the sensible plan of merely gliding on their hats and strolling around to the clergyman with their own Tom, Dick or Harry, instead of dragging him up to the altar to that Lohengrin rag, it will do much to boom matrimony. For it's the high cost of marriage that keeps many a man single.

In-Shoots

The young man who tells up his sleeves will accomplish more than the man who turns up his trousers.

Of course, the foot never listens to the word to the wisa.

A man can often be soft-headed without being tender-hearted.

The best of friends make the worst of enemies when they fall out.

The breath of suspicion is more blighting than a November frost.

Better men with the nose-aw than across the even-tempered man.

It is always better to crush up the secrets of your friends than your own.